17. Historia de las pseudociencias: psicología y psiquiatría

The history of Pseudosciences – psychology and psychiatry “The field of mental health is highly subjective, capricious, and dominated by whims, mythologies, and public relations. In many ways it is a pop culture with endless fads but with no real substance.” – Dr. Walter Fisher, Assistant Superintendent, Elgin State Hospital. “If you can build me a weapon to project my voice into the enemies’ head, I will talk them to their death.” – A Colonel says to Dr. Addey Frey in the 70’s who was working on the Microwave Hearing Effect under a DoD budget. The DSM (Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders) is routinely attacked for being unscientific. Columbia University acknowledges the unscientific nature of the DSM in their annual report of 2001, “Problems with the current DSM-IV categorical (present vs. absent) approach to the classification of personality disorders have long been recognized by clinicians and researchers.” Among the problems, they list “arbitrary distinction between normal personality, personality traits and personality disorder” and point out the interesting fact that the most commonly diagnosed personality disorder is 301.9, Personality Disorder not Otherwise Specified. The classificatory structure of early editions of the DSM was rooted in a distinction between two poles of mental disorder, psychosis and neurosis. A psychosis is a severe mental disorder characterized by a disconnection from reality. Psychoses typically involve hallucinations, delusions, and illogical thinking. A neurosis, however, is a milder mental disorder characterized by distortions of reality, but not a complete break with reality. Neuroses typically involve anxiety and depression. Among the most noted examples of controversial diagnoses is the classifying in the DSM-II of homosexuality as a mental disorder, a classification that was removed by vote of the APA in 1973 after three years of various gay activists groups demonstrating at APA meetings (see also homosexuality and psychology). The criteria and classification system of the DSM are based on a process of consultation and committee meetings involving primarily psychiatrists. Therefore, the content of the DSM does not reflect all opinions on the subject of psychopathology, emotional distress and social functioning. Nor are there any objective, biological verifiable standards to which it adheres. The criteria, and the way they are applied by individual clinicians are at least to some extent influenced by cultural variables and are periodically altered to reflect the contemporary social landscape. What is and what is not considered a mental disorder changes over time. For example, prior to a psychiatric plebescite in 1973, homosexuality was listed in the DSM as a diagnosable mental illness. (All conditions entered in the ever-expanding DSM-IV are considered to be mental illnesses. Far more conditions are added than are deleted.) It is also known that the diagnosis of some mental disorders is influenced by gender role expectations. That is, while diagnostic criteria do not mention gender, clinicians diagnose women's and men's behavior in different ways.1 “Which came first, the cowardly chicken, or the rotten egg?” Almost all the classic mental illness symptoms can be mimicked or induced with EEG Heterodyning. Were psychological classifications of aberrations invented to cover-up the mind control experimentation and then accepted and taught to other psychologists? Or are they just EEG cloning known brainwaves gathered from mentally ill patients who had these disorders? It turns out to be a little of both. In this Glossary, Psychiatric Terms, initially mostly French and German and some English terms, as used in psychiatric literature, are defined. We aim to broaden this article to include most of the psychopathological terms in use. There are many psychiatric terms that are of foreign-language origin; and are thus not easily understood by many English speakers. Most of these terms refer to expressions dating from the early days of psychiatry in Europe. This glossary aims to make the meaning of these terms clearer. List of Terms Asyndesis Alternate term for Loosening of association. A milder form of derailment of thought, in which a person goes on jumping from one topic to another and there is little connection among the topics . This is in contrast to flight of ideas where a person jumps from one topic to another and there is a connection

among the topics . See also #Entgleisenterm introduced by (Cameron). Cameron is the psychic driving and depatterning doctor accused of torturing and mentally destroying many patients to pursue his mind control experiments sponsored by the CIA. The CIA has a big foothold in the psychology community for obvious reasons. Bouffée délirante Bouffée délirante is a French term used in the past for acute and transient psychotic disorders (F23 in ICD-10). In DSM-IV, it is described as “Brief Psychotic Disorder” (298.8). The symptoms usually have an acute onset and reach their peak within two weeks. The symptoms start resolving in a few weeks and complete recovery usually occurs within 2-3 months. This pattern is also indicative of BZ, a weaponized version of LSD. The drug has an acute onset with severe psychotic disorders that last months. It is both a military weapon and found in the CIA’s bag of ‘tricks’. ‘Tricks’ are drugs used for menticide. Capgras' syndrome or Illusion des sosies In Capgras syndrome, the patient feels that a person familiar to him , usually a family member has been replaced by a double i.e. an identical looking imposter. Capgras Syndrome and Fregoli syndrome are characterized as delusional misidentifications. It is named after Joseph Capgras (1873-1950), a French psychiatrist who first described the disorder in a paper by Capgras and Reboul-Lachaux1,2 in 1923. They used the term l'illusion des sosies (the illusion of doubles) to describe the case of a French woman who complained that various doubles had taken the place of people she knew. However, the term illusion has a subtly different meaning from delusion in psychiatry so Capgras delusion is used as a more suitable name. Who knows? It isn’t a far stretch to see that maybe to infiltrate an organization, a double or look alike was used while the original was killed. In the movie, “Mission Impossible” this was done several times. Even “The Simpsons” spoofed this idea in an episode. Coenestopathic state A patient in a coenestopathic state has a localized distortion of body awareness. During EEG heterodyning, these kind of distortions can take place since you are mixing brainwaves of people with different body dimensions. Déjà vu In Déjà vu, the person feels undue familiarity to an event or a person. For example , he feels that the same thing happened before too or he has met this person before etc. Everybody has experienced this. There is clearly an event recognition detector that goes awry. This too is just a brain signal that can be induced to an extreme so that the victim has an almost spiritual experience seeing miracle after miracle of improbable occurrences. The Russians discovered that an 18khz EM signal next to the head of a subject, would describe spiritual experiences. Déjà pensé In Déjà pensé, a completely new thought sounds familiar to the person and he feels as he has thought the same thing before at some time. This is a similar signal to Déjà vu that causes the memory recognition pathways to falsely fire. I believe this is the signal used to give rise to the “Media Stalking” that people experience. There was a woman who sued David Letterman for stalking her on TV. She believed he was talking to her because everything he said had meaning that only she could know about so she thought. Doppelgänger The Doppelgänger is a phenomenon in which the person feels that his exact “double” is present alongside him all the time and goes with him wherever he goes. Spooks, the CIA, love the satanic Halloween theme. EEG heterodyning with synthetic telepathy can be used to trick an individual into thinking they are talking to themselves. The synthetic telepathy is used to confuse people who talk to themselves in an internal voice by using that same internal voice to influence them. People would have no way of knowing whether the internal speech was their own. Écho de la pensée In écho de la pensée, meaning “thought echo” in French, thoughts seem to be spoken aloud just after being produced. The patient hears the 'echo' of his thoughts in the form of a voice after he has made the thought. See also #Gedankenlautwerden and #Thought Sonorization. This is clearly a new mental illness. Every EEG cloned experiment describes the same script that is used to introduce thought amplification to them. The predictive sentence modeling software will finish the precognitive verbal thought before the subject utters it. This is done to mimic this fraudulently constructed mental illness and to test the software’s ability for Echelon like mind reading network. Entgleisen Literally means jumping off the rails. Alternate term used for derailment of thought (a morbid form of loosening of association or #asyndesis). A Schneiderian term by origin. In this form of thought the patient jumps from one topic to another during conversation and both topics have literally no connection with each other. This is in contrast with flight of ideas where connection is present between one topic and another. Because of

the technological, political, and psychological complexity of the brutal human neurological experimentation, victims often have a difficult time coherently explaining what is happening to them without sounding like they are jumping from topic to topic. It is inherently a difficult topic to explain fully in a short amount of time. Fatuous affect The moods of a patient with fatuous affect resemble the moods of a child. This condition is seen in hebephrenic schizophrenia. The CIA's program, MKULTRA and RHIC as well as the interrogation manual, describe breaking down the subject until they reach a child like state. The victims of EEG heterodyning experiments all describe their "Perps" as being immature idiots. Folie à deux Also called induced psychosis, folie à deux is a delusional disorder shared by two or more people who are closely related emotionally. One has real psychosis while the symptoms of psychosis are induced in the other or others due to close attachment to the one with psychosis. Separation usually results in symptomatic improvement in the one who is not psychotic. "How convenient." – Church Lady from Saturday Night Live. Basically if you believe anything in this book, you are now classified as mentally ill. This clearly is used to silence family members who believe their relatives testimony. The government has used mental illness to incarcerate and discredit people throughout the decades. This fabricated mental disorder is truly brazen in its stupidity. Folie communiquée Folie communiquée, or subtype C of folie à deux, occurs when a normal person suffers a contagion of his ideas after resisting them for a long time. Once he acquires these beliefs he maintains them despite separation. Sounds like another threat. If you believe the wrong things, you are crazy. I wonder if that includes Santa Clause for children or perhaps religion for adults. These subjective classifications are truly dangerous to give psychologists and police the ability to lock someone up for what they believe. Folie imposée Folie imposée, or subtype A of folie a deux, is the most common form in which the dominant person imposes a delusion into a person who was not previously mentally ill. Separation of the two results in improvement of the non-dominant person. Everyone who believes their government doesn't experiment on civilians is delusional, but they won't put you away for that or classify you as mentally ill. Folie simultanée In folie simultanée, or subtype B of folie a deux, a delusional system emerges simultaneously and independently in two closely related persons, and the separation of the two would not be beneficial in the resolution of psychopathology. All these diagnoses depend on the psychologists' knowledge of physics, weapons systems, and CIA history. If the psychologist is not educated enough, he will falsely conclude statements as being "science fiction" and delusional, leading him to numerous incorrect diagnoses. Fregoli's syndrome In Fregoli syndrome, the person feels that a person not known to him previously gets changed to a familiar person or one of his close family members. This is in contrast to Capgras syndrome in which he feels that his family member has changed into an unknown person or an imposter. Better not use that pick up line, "Don't I know you from someplace?" You are mentally ill is what you are saying according to this classification. Gedankenlautwerden In Gedankenlautwerden , a patient hears thoughts spoken aloud. Thoughts are heard in the form of a voice at the same time when they are thought, not afterwards. See also Écho de la pensée and Thought Sonorization German Nazi scientists were brought over to America from Nazi Germany who were conducting mind control experiments in CIA project Paper Clip. Interesting how many German mental illness classifications fit in with the "Voice of God" weapons capabilities. Thought amplification can render back a louder internal voice even different from your natural one. Voice transformation military effects were used in Desert Storm. The Iraqi's have complained that subliminal voices are being piped into their radio transmissions. Hyposchemazia; Aschemazia Hyposchemazia is characterized by the reduced awareness of a patient's body image and Aschemazia by the absence of it. These disorders can have many varied causes such as physical injuries, mental disorders, or mental or physical states. These include transection of the spinal cord, parietal lobe lesions (e.g. right middle cerebral artery thrombosis), anxiety, depersonalization, epileptic auras, migraines, sensory deprivation, and vertigo (i.e. "floating on air"). People involved with "astro projection" psychic phenomena have this illness. Clearly it could also be induced electromagnetically. Idée fixe Idée fixe is an alternate term for an overvalued idea. In this condition, a belief that might seem reasonable both to the patient and to other people comes to dominate completely the patient's thinking and life. Obsessive compulsive thinking is somewhat

common. But torture and rape often cause a post traumatic stress disorder where resolution is needed before they can move on. This is one of many reasons why torture is used for the MKULTRA EEG cloning experiments. Jargon aphasia Jargon aphasia,is characterized by incoherent, meaningless, speech with a neologisms (newly invented words). These are unconscious thoughts that find expression when one is off one's guard and must be consciously repressed. Everyone has noticed at one time or another that every clique has their own jargon and vocabulary that evolves over time as private jokes and through shared experiences. EEG heterodyning is a new field and requires new vocabulary to explain it. The Webster Dictionary is revised every year because language evolves. Someone has to create new words and disseminate them. Klüver Bucy syndrome In Klüver Bucy syndrome, a patient will display placidity, hyperorality, hypersexuality, and hyperphagia. This condition results from bilateral destruction of the amygdaloid bodies of the limbic system. If you talk too much, enjoy sex too much, or eat too much, you have this illness. I think it describes almost every American. As a side note, TAMI can amplify all brain signals causing excessiveness in any addictive urge. Knight's Move thinking Knight's Move thinking a phenomenon similar to derailment of thought or loosening of associations , is characterized by odd, tangential associations between ideas that lead to disruptions in the smooth continuity of speech. The name for this disorder likely derives from the odd movement pattern of knights in the game of Chess. Inarticulate people trying to describe complex concepts will have Knight’s Move Thinking mental illness. Koro Koro is a culture-specific syndrome usually seen in chinese people . It involves a morbid fear of retraction of the penis into the abdomen with the belief that this will lead to death. Um, I’m confused. Is this for real? Perhaps they just need to buy one of those penis enlarging devices that work on suction. La belle indifférence La belle indifférence is characterized by a lack of concern and an indifference about a disability and is seen in hysteria or dissociative disorders. Dissociative states are the goal of MKULTRA, Cameron’s depatterning, and other menticizing techniques. Torture and rape surely creates a dissociative pathology. As well as having a government slowly killing you in experiments, might cause one not to sweat the small stuff. L'homme qui rit In l'homme qui rit,meaning “The man who laughs” in French, a patient displays inappropriate laughter accompanied by release phenomena of the frontal subdominant lobe. If your humor is a little tweaked, you are mentally ill. Learn to conform to the laughter patterns of the audience or laugh track cues. Lilliputian hallucinations Lilliputian hallucinations are characterized by abnormal perception of objects as being shrunken in size but normal in detail. Finally a more challenging illusion to explain. The military uses for EEG Heterodyning include creating visual delusions and hallucinations in the enemy. The psychic attacker needs only to practice perceiving objects in the target’s visual cortex (cloned onto him) as being in the foreground rather at the correct parallax perception and the mental error will propagate back to the target as a shrunken object. Logoclonia In logoclonia, the patient often repeats the last syllable of a word. One of the techniques for CIA interrogation is to have the subject fill in the rhyme. This tells the interrogator what is on the subject’s mind. Using EEG Heterodyning as a mind probe, this is accomplished by the cloner focusing on the last syllable of the previous sentence. The urge to rhyme is created. Logorrhoea Logorrhoea, also known as “volubility,” is characterized by a patient's fluent and rambling speech using numerous words. All my girlfriend’s have had this disease. Mania a potu Mania a potu is an alcohol intoxication state with violent and markedly disinhibited behavior. This condition is different from violent behavior in otherwise normal individuals who are intoxicated. I hate violent drunks. Lock them up as loony’s is fine with me. But without disinhibited behavior by drunk women, many of you wouldn’t have been born. Mitgehen Mitgehen is an extreme form of mitmachen in which very slight pressure leads to movement in any direction, also called the “anglepoise” effect. This is done despite instructions that the patient resist the pressure, as the patient often views the slight pressure as forceably grasping and moving the patient. Perhaps this is real. But when I get a hair cut, the barber gently directs my head position and I move it and keep it there without him saying a word. I think I have this disease too. Mitmachen In mitmachen, the patient's body can be put into any posture, despite instructions given that the patient resist. This could be an overly submissive type. Or maybe the “Obedience to Authority” disease is present when men in white coats are conducting the

experiment. Moria Moria is the condition characterized by euphoric behavior, such as frivolity and the inability to act seriously. In addition there is a lack of foresight and a general indifference. It is found in frontal lobe lesions,often alongwith #Witzelsücht particularly when the orbital surface is damaged. Recent research has shown its presence in frontotemporal dementia. Sounds like a real class clown. Perhaps this disease was created to lock up anyone who made fun of psychology as being a fraud. Paraschemazia Paraschemazia is characterized by a distortion of a patient's body image. It can be caused by hallucinogenic drugs such as LSD and mescalin, epileptic auras, and sometimes migraines. We need only be reminded of the massive dosing of the unsuspecting public by the CIA with LSD. Pseudologia fantastica Pseudologia fantastica is a condition in which a person grossly exaggerates his symptoms or even tells a lie about his symptoms in order to get medical attention . Seen in malingering and Munchausen syndrome. “I don’t believe that you are experiencing what you say. I’m classifying you with another mental illness now.” Schizophasia Schizophasia, or colloquially “word salad”, is characterized by a patient's speech being an incoherent and incomprehensible mix of words and phrases. This occurs in schizophrenic patients. This is actually a real problem, especially if English isn’t your first language. Sensitiver beziehungswahn Sensitiver beziehungswahn, is an alternate term for ideas of reference . In this the person thinks as people are talking about him or observing him or a talk is going on about him on television or radio. Seen in social phobia, depression and in schizophrenia where they are often present up to a delusional extent. It is pretty obvious why the CIA has been working so hard in mental hospitals over the decades. They were collecting mental illnesses as well as creating new classifications. This signal which is a combination of paranoia and Déjà vu gives rise to “media stalking” and misclassification of regular people for stalkers. Remember in the MKULTRA and other CIA programs, stalking people is part of the agenda, obviously meant to create identical symptoms as this disease. All you have to do is get a group together who will say certain things that were over heard on a telephone tap and presto, the target will become paranoid and classified as mentally ill. Don’t try this at home. Thought Sonorization A combined term for #Gedankenlautwerden and #Écho de la pensée Also, a top secret technology called synthetic telepathy, “voice of god” weapon, microwave hearing effect, etc. See Malech and Stocklin patents. Vorbeigehen; Vorbeireden In vorbeigehen or vorbeireden, a patient will answer a question in such a way that one can tell the patient understood the question, although the answer itself may be very obviously wrong. This condition occurs in Ganser's syndrome and has been observed in prisoners awaiting trial. Vorbeigehen(giving approximate answers) was the original term used by Ganser but Vorbeireden (talkng past the point) is the term generally in use (Goldin 1955). Ah, now we know what is wrong with most politicians. Wahneinfall Wahneinfall is alternate term for autochthonous delusions. This is one of the types of primary delusions in which a firm belief comes into the patient's mind 'out of the blue' or as an intution , hence called delusional intution. Other types of primary delusions include delusional mood (or atmosphere), delusional (apophanous perception) and delusional memories. This is used to discredit victims with recovered memories of ritual abuse. The CIA’s program RHIC-EDOM stands for electronic dissolution of memories. Repressing the experiences through torture and rape is also popular with those satanic folks. The Psychiatric community was further used to discredit recovered memories through hypnosis as “False Memories”. Witzelsücht Witzelsücht is a tendency to tell inappropriate jokes and creating excessive facetiousness and inappropriate or pointless humor. It is seen in Frontal lobe disorders usually along with #moria. Recent research has shown that it may also be seen in frontotemporal dementia. Just like a German with no sense of humor, to label anyone with one mentally ill. Killing Jews by the millions is no laughing matter. References Descriptive Psychopathology. URL accessed on December 4, 2005. Psychejam. URL accessed on December 4, 2005.This website has been closed in Jan. 2006. Sims, Andrew. Symptoms in the Mind: An Introduction to Descriptive Psychopathology, 3rd Edition. Benjamin William Morrison - Post Mortem and Other Medical Evidence. Reconciliation and Social Justice Library. URL accessed on December 4, 2005. Dorland's Illustrated Medical Dictionary. Merck Source. URL accessed on December 4, 2005. Capgras Syndrome Bouffée délirante Witzelsücht in frontotemporal dementia Vorbeireden & Vorbeigehen Glossary of Descriptive Psychopathology

and Neuropsychiatry Alastair Macdonald, Owen Box, Frances Klemperer. Martin Dunitz, London 2000 This medical article is a stub. You can help Wikipedia by expanding it. by Dr. Carl Sagan - Excerpts Parade Magazine March 1993 “Based upon a Roper Poll of American Adults specially commissioned by those who accept the alien abduction story at face vale, the pool's sponsors concluded that 2% of all American (believe themselves to) have been abducted. Many repeatedly by beings from other worlds. IF aliens are not partial to Americans, the number for the whole planet would be more than 100 million people. This means an abduction every few seconds. It's surprising that more of the neighbors haven't noticed. Why should beings so advanced in physics and engineering - crossing vast interstellar distances - be so backward when it comes to biology. The pollsters never actually asked whether their subjects had been abducted by aliens; they deduced it: Those who have ever awakened sensing strange presences around them, ever unaccountably seemed to fly through the air, and so on, have therefore been abducted by aliens. The conclusion, that millions of Americans have been so abducted, seems extremely doubtful.” So which is more likely - that we are undergoing a massive but generally overlooked invasion by alien sexual abusers, or that people are experiencing some internal mental state that they do not understand? “Admittedly, we are very ignorant, both about extraterrestrial beings, if any, and about human psychology.” Low probability of intercept From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia A low probabililty of intercept radar (LPIR) is designed to be difficult to detect by passive radar detection equipment (such as a radar warning receiver - RWR) while it is searching for or tracking a target. This characteristic is desirable because it allows finding and tracking an opponent without alerting them to the radar's presence. Ways of reducing the profile of a radar include using wider frequency bandwidth (wideband), frequency hopping, using a frequency-modulated continuous-wave signal, and using only the minimum power required for the task. Using pulse compression also reduces the probability of detection, since the peak transmitted power is lower while the range and resolution is the same. Constructing a radar so as to emit minimal side and back lobes may also reduce the probability of interception when it is not pointing at the radar warning receiver. However, when the radar is sweeping a large volume of space for targets, it is likely that the main lobe will repeatedly be pointing at the RWR. Modern phased array radars not only control their side lobes, they also use very thin, fast moving beams of energy in complicated search patterns. This technique may be enough to confuse the RWR so it does not recognize the radar as a threat, even if the signal itself is detected. All military EM emitters, including fighter aircraft, naval ships, and missile systems are designed for reduced electromagnetic profiles for improved stealth. In addition to stealth considerations, reducing side and back lobes is desirable because it makes the radar harder to characterise, meaning not only is it more difficult once the radar is detected to tell which type it is (which may give hints about the carrying platform), but it is also much harder to jam. Systems which feature LPI include modern AESA radars such as that on the F/A-18E/F Super Hornet and the electronically steered phased array on the S-300PMU-2. \————————————–\ TIME DOMAIN CORP. 7057 Old Madison Pike Huntsville, AL 35806 Phone#: (256) 428-6461 Topic#: DTRA 04-008 Selected for Award Title: Characterization of Occupied/Unoccupied Underground Sanctuaries Abstract: Time Domain Corporation (TDC) proposes to develop a solid state, small, light weight, low power pulsed Ultra-Wideband Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) for smaller UAVs to scan for, detect and characterize underground sanctuaries. This radar meets the situational awareness and latency needs of front line tactical commanders in fast paced engagements. TDC's SAR compliments the capabilities of current small UAV EO and IR sensors with a multi-band RF view of potential sanctuaries. TDC's SAR also supplements the current small UAV EO/IR sensors for sanctuaries hidden by foliage, camouflage, obscurants, buildings and caves; concealment measures which traditionally defeat small UAV sensors. Our approach is to design a UWB antenna which can be mounted to a small UAV, make appropriate electronic improvements and packaging modifications to our core through wall RadarVision-2 board set, modify and upgrade our 2D SAR algorithms for 3D tomographic imaging, add motion compensation algorithms, and integrate these components into a small UAV SAR for testing in Phase2. Phase-1 will generate a SAR image of a local culvert from a rooftop using current SAR hardware. The SAR images will show static geometry and moving personnel in the culvert compared

to synchronous video frames and quantitative performance data. Low Field MRI Advantages of low field imaging are the small-sized 5 Gauss fringe field and therefore the less static magnetic field exposure for the surrounding area, as well as less contraindications causing lower risks for the MRI safety by implemented metal and magnetic devices and equipment. Low field systems are sometimes for restricted use, e.g. dedicated extremity scanner or open MRI devices. Open MRI devices equipped with permanent magnets are well-suited for MR guided interventions because these machines combine the lower magnetic fields of this type of magnets and the better patient access of open MRI scanner. In some cases, the contrast of different tissues is better at lower field strength, depending on their T1 or T2 relaxation times. The disadvantage of the lower signal to noise ratio are a poor resolution and a longer scan time for a good image quality.4 Advertisement Here you go kids. Drive your parents crazy with voices from the world beyond. You can have hours of fun getting cops to shoot disinformation agents using this system. Or practice for a career in the Directed Energy Directorate or CIA and cowardly create your own mind controlled assassins. Instigate wars or fights between people. Make obscene brain phone calls. A must have for the ultimate Hoaxster. United States Patent 4,877,027 Brunkan October 31, 1989 Hearing system Abstract Sound is induced in the head of a person by radiating the head with microwaves in the range of 100 megahertz to 10,000 megahertz that are modulated with a particular waveform. The waveform consists of frequency modulated bursts. Each burst is made up of ten to twenty uniformly spaced pulses grouped tightly together. The burst width is between 500 nanoseconds and 100 microseconds. The pulse width is in the range of 10 nanoseconds to 1 microsecond. The bursts are frequency modulated by the audio input to create the sensation of hearing in the person whose head is irradiated.

4 www.mr-tip.com Inventors: Brunkan; Wayne B. (P.O. Box 2411, Goleta, CA 93118) Appl. No.: 202679 Filed: June 6, 1988 Current U.S. Class: 607/56 Intern'l Class: A61N 005/00 Field of Search: 128/420.5,804,419 R,421,422,746 381/68 References Cited [Referenced By] U.S. Patent Documents 3629521 Dec., 1971 Puharich et al. 128/402. 3766331 Oct., 1973 Zink 128/420. Other References Cain et al, “Mammalian Auditory Responses . . . ”, IEEE Trans Biomed Eng, pp. 288-293, 1978. Frey et al, “Human Perception . . . Energy” Science, 181,356-358, 1973. Jaski, “Radio Waves & Life”, Radio-Electronics, pp. 45-45, Sep. 1960. Microwave Auditory Effects and Applications, Lin, 1978, pp. 176-177. Primary Examiner: Cohen; Lee S. Attorney, Agent or Firm: Brelsford; Harry W. Claims I claim: 1. Apparatus for creating human hearing comprising: (a) an audio source for creating electrical audio waves having positive peaks; (b) a frequency modulator generator connected to the audio source to create frequency modulated bursts; © a source of constant voltage to create a voltage standard that is in the range of 25% to 85% of the peak voltage of the audio waves; (d) a comparator connected to the voltage source and the audio source to compare the instantaneous voltage of the waves from the audio source with the voltage standard; (e) a connection of the comparator to the frequency modulator generator to activate the frequency modulator generator when the instantaneous voltage of the audio wave exceeds the standard voltage; (f) a microwave generator creating microwaves in the range of 100 megahertz to 10,000 megahertz and connected to the frequency modulator generator, generating microwaves only when pulsed by the frequency modulator generator; and (g) an antenna connected to the microwave generator to radiate the head of a human being to produce the sounds of the audio source. 2. Apparatus as set forth in claim 1 wherein the frequency generating range of the frequency modulator generator is 1 Khz to 100 KHz for bursts and 100 KHz to 20 MHZ for pulses within a burst. 3. Apparatus as set forth in claim 1 wherein the frequency generating range of the frequency modulator generator is one Khz to 100 KHz for bursts and 100 KHz to 20 MHZ for pulses within a burst and the duration of each pulse of the frequency modulator generator is in the range of 10 nanoseconds to 1 microsecond. 4. Apparatus as set forth in claim 1 wherein the voltage standard is approximately 50% of the peak of the audio waves. 5. Apparatus as set forth in claim 1 wherein the antenna is of the type that projects the microwaves in space to the head of a person. 6. Apparatus for creating human hearing comprising: (a) an oscillator creating an electromagnetic carrier wave at a selected frequency in the range of 100 Mhz to 10,000 Mhz; (b) a pulse generator connected to said

oscillator to pulse the carrier with pulses having a width in the range of 10 nanoseconds to 1 microsecond with a minimum spacing between pulses of about 25 nanoseconds; © a frequency modulator connected to the pulse generator; (d) an audio signal generator connected to the modulator which modulates the pulses in accordance with the audio signal; and (e) a transmitting antenna connected to the oscillator to transmit the carrier wave as thus modified to project the electromagnetic energy through space to the head of a person. 7. Apparatus as set forth in claim 6 wherein the modulator is a frequency modulator to vary the density of bursts within an audio envelope as a function of the audio amplitude. 8. The method of irradiating a person's head to produce sound in the head of the person comprising (a) irridiating the head of a person with microwaves in the range of 100 Mhz to 10,000 Mhz; (b) pulsing said microwaves with pulses in the range of 10 nanoseconds to 1 microsecond; and © frequency modulating groups of pulses called bursts by audio waves wherein the modulation extends from 1 Khz to 100 Khz. Description This invention relates to a hearing system for human beings in which high frequency electromagnetic energy is projected through the air to the head of a human being and the electromagnetic energy is modulated to create signals that can be discerned by the human being regardless of the hearing ability of the person. THE PRIOR ART Various types of apparatus and modes of application have been proposed and tried to inject intelligible sounds into the heads of human beings. Some of these have been devised to simulate speech and other sounds in deaf persons and other systems have been used to inject intelligible signals in persons of good hearing, but bypassing the normal human hearing organs. U.S. Pat. No. 3,629,521 issued Dec. 21, 1971 describes the use of a pair of electrodes applied to a person's head to inject speech into the head of a deaf person. An oscillator creates a carrier in the range of 18 to 36 KHz that is amplitude modulated by a microphone. Science magazine volume 181, page 356 describes a hearing system utilizing a radio frequency carrier of 1.245 GHz delivered through the air by means of a waveguide and horn antenna. The carrier was pulsed at the rate of 50 pulses per second. The human test subject reported a buzzing sound and the intensity varied with the peak power. Similar methods of creating “clicks” inside the human head are reported in I.E.E.E. Transactions of Biomedical Engineering, volume BME 25, No. 3, May 1978. The transmission of intelligible speech by audio modulated Microwave is described in the book Microwave Auditory Effects and Applications by James C. Lin 1978 publisher Charles C. Thomas. BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION I have discovered that a pulsed signal on a radio frequency carrier of about 1,000 megahertz (1000 MHz) is effective in creating intelligible signals inside the head of a person if this electromagnetic (EM) energy is projected through the air to the head of the person. Intelligible signals are applied to the carrier by microphone or other audio source and I cause the bursts to be frequency modulated. The bursts are composed of a group of pulses. The pulses are carefully selected for peak strength and pulse width. Various objects, advantages and features of the invention will be apparent in the specification and claims. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS In the drawings forming an integral part of this specification: FIG. 1 is a block diagram of the system of the invention. FIG. 2 is a diagram of an audio wave which is the input to be perceived by the recipient. FIG. 3 is a diagram on the same time coordinate as FIG. 2 showing bursts that are frequency modulated by the wave form of FIG. 2. FIG. 4 shows, on an enlarged time coordinate, that each vertical line depicted in FIG. 3 is a burst of pulses. (A burst is a group of pulses). FIG. 5 shows, on a further enlarged time coordinate, a single continues pulse, Depicted as a vertical line in FIG. 4. DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION Inasmuch as microwaves can damage human tissue, any projected energy must be carefully regulated to stay within safe limits. The guideline for 1,000 MHz, set by the American Standards Institute, is 3.3 mw/cm2 (3.3 milliwatts per square centimeter). The apparatus described herein must be regulated to stay within this upper limit. Referring to FIG. 1 a microphone 10 or other generator of audio frequencies, delivers its output by wire 11 to an FM capable pulse generator 12 and by branch wire 13 to a comparator 14. The comparator 14 also receives a signal from a voltage standard 16. When the peak voltage of the audio generator 10 falls below the standard 16 the comparator delivers a signal by wire 17 to the FM capable pulse generator 12 to shut down the pulse generator 12. This avoids spurious signals being generated. The output of the FM pulse generator 12

is delivered by wire 18 to a microwave generator 19 which delivers its output to the head of a human being 23. In this fashion the person 23 is radiated with microwaves that are in short bursts. The microwave generator 19 operates at a steady frequency presently preferred at 1,000 megahertz (1,000 million). I presently prefer to pulse the microwave energy at pulse widths of 10 nanoseconds to 1 microsecond. For any one setting of the FM capable generator 12, this width is fixed. The pulses are arranged in bursts. The timing between bursts is controlled by the height of the audio envelope above the voltage standard line. In addition the bursts are spaced from one another at a non-uniform rate of 1 to 100 KHz. This non-uniform spacing of bursts is created in the FM capable generator 12. Referring to FIG. 2 there is illustrated an audio wave 27 generated by the audio input 10 wherein the horizontal axis is time and the vertical axis is voltage. For illustrative purposes the wave 27 is shown as having a voltage peak 28 on the left part of FIG. 2 and a voltage peak 29 of the right side of FIG. 2. The voltage standard 16 of FIG. 1 generates a dc voltage designated at 31 in FIG. 2. This standard voltage is preferably at about 50% of the peak voltage 28. The comparator 14 of FIG. 1 actuates the FM capable generator 12 only when the positive envelope of the audio wave 27 exceeds the voltage standard. The negative portions of the audio wave are not utilized. Referring now to FIG. 3 there is illustrated two groups of bursts of microwave energy that are delivered by the antenna 22 of FIG. 1 to the head of the person 23. FIG. 3 has a horizontal time axis identical to the time axis of FIG. 2 and has a vertical axis that in this case represents the power of the microwaves from generator 19. At the left part of FIG. 3 are a plurality of microwave bursts 32 that occur on the time axis from the point of intersection of the standard voltage 31 with the positive part of the audio wave 27, designated as the time point 33 to time point 34 on FIG. 2. It will be noted in FIG. 3 that the bursts 32 are non-uniform in spacing and that they are closer together at the time of maximum audio voltage 28 and are more spread out toward the time points 33 and 34. This is the frequency modulation effected by the FM pulse generator 12. Referring to the right part of FIG. 3 there are a plurality of microwave bursts 36 that are fewer in number and over a shorter time period than the pulses 32. These extend on the time axis of FIG. 2 from point 37 to point 38. These bursts 36 are also frequency modulated with the closest groupings appearing opposite peak 29 of FIG. 2 and greater spacing near time points 37 and 38. Referring now to FIG. 4 there is illustrated the fact that a single burst shown as straight lines 32 or 36 on FIG. 3 are made up of ten to twenty separate microwave pulses. The duration of the burst is between 500 nanoseconds and 100 microseconds, with an optimum of 2 microseconds. The duration of each pulse within the burst is 10 nanoseconds to 1 microsecond and a time duration of 100 nanoseconds is preferred. The bursts 32 of FIG. 3 are spaced non-uniformly from each other caused by the frequency modulation of 12. FIG. 4 depicts a burst. Each vertical line 40 in FIG. 4 represents a single pulse. Each pulse is represented by the envelope 41 of FIG. 5. The pulses within a burst are spaced uniformly from each other. The spacing between pulses may vary from 5 nanoseconds to 10 microseconds. Referring now to FIG. 3, the concentration of bursts 32 opposite the peak 28 of FIG. 2 can be expressed as a frequency of repetition. I presently prefer to adjust the FM capable generator 12 to have a maximum frequency of repetition in the range of 25 Khz to 100 Khz. I deliberately keep this range low to reduce the amount of heating caused by the microwaves. The wider spacing of the pulses 32 opposite the cutoff points 33 and 34 of FIG. 2 can also be expressed as a frequency of repetition and I presently prefer a minimum repetition rate of 1 KHz. I find that this low repetition rate, although in the audio range, does not disrupt the transmission of audio intelligence to the person 23. The aim, again, is to reduce the amount of heat transmitted to the subject 23. OPERATION Referring to FIG. 1, the intelligence to be perceived by the person 23 is introduced at the audio source 10 which may be a microphone for voice, or a tape player for music, instruction, etc. This audio signal is transmitted to the FM capable generator 12 and to the comparator 14. The comparator 14 compares the positive portions of the audio wave with voltage from the voltage standard 16 and when the audio wave instantaneously exceeds the standard voltage, the FM generator is actuated by the wire 17 connecting the comparator 14 and the FM generator 12. The FM generator 12 then sends a plurality of signals to the microwave generator 19 at each peak of the audio wave above the voltage standard. This is shown graphically in FIGS. 2-5. The audio signal 27 of FIG. 2 exceeds the standard

voltage 31 at point 33 whereupon the FM generator 12 starts emitting burst signals 32 at its lowest frequency of about 1 Khz. As time progresses past point 33 the voltage above the standard increases and the FM generator 12 responds by making the burst signals closer together until at peak 28 the maximum density of burst signals 32 is achieved, for example at a frequency of 50 Khz. The time duration of each pulse 40 (FIG. 4) is also controlled by a fixed adjustment of the FM generator 12 and for example the duration may be 100 nanoseconds. The frequency modulated burst signals are delivered by FM generator 12 to the microwave generator as interrupted dc and the microwave generator is turned on in response to each pulse 40 and its output is delivered by coaxial cable 21 to the parabolic antenna 22 to project microwaves onto the head of a person 23. These microwaves penetrate the brain enough so that the electrical activity inside of the brain produces the sensation of sound. When the parameters are adjusted for the particular individual, he perceives intelligible audio, entirely independently of his external hearing organs. PRESENTLY PREFERRED QUANTITIES As mentioned previously, I prefer that the standard voltage 31 of FIG. 2 be about 50% of peak audio voltage. This not only helps to reduce heating in the person 2 but also reduces spurious audio. This 50% is not vital and the useful range is 25% to 85% of peak audio. The minimum burst repetition frequency (for example at time points 33 and 34) is preferably 1 KHz and the maximum repetition frequency is in the range of 25 KHz to 100 KHz, with the lower frequencies resulting in less heating. The time duration of each individual pulse of microwave radiation is in the range of 10 nanoseconds to 1 microsecond as indicated in FIG. 5, with the shorter time periods resulting in less heating. CONTROL OF POWER OUTPUT As stated above, I maintain the power output of the parabolic antenna 22 within the present safe standard of 3.3 mw/cm2 (3.3 milliwatts per square centimeter). I control the power output by controlling the strength of the audio modulation. This results in a duty cycle of 0.005, the decimal measure of the time in any second that the transmitter is on full power. The peak power level can be between 500 mw and 5 w and at 0.005 duty cycle these peaks will result in an average power of 2.5 mw and 25 mw respectively. However, these values are further reduced by adjusting the audio modulation so that zero input produces a zero output. Since a voice signal, for example, is at maximum amplitude only a small fraction of the rime, the average power will be below the 3.3 mw/cm2 standard, even with 5 watts peak power. THEORY OF OPERATION I have not been able to experiment to determine how my microwave system works, but from my interpretation of prior work done in this field I believe that the process is as follows. Any group of bursts related to the audio ek 28 of FIG. 2 causes an increasing ultrasonic build up within the head of a human being starting with a low level for the first bursts pulses and building up to a high level with the last bursts pulses of a group. This buildup, I believe, causes the direct discharge of random brain neurons. These discharges at audio frequency create a perception of sound. This process, I believe, bypasses the normal hearing organs and can create sound in a person who is nerve-dead deaf. However, this theory of operation is only my guess and may prove to be in error in the future. APPARATUS The apparatus of FIG. 1 for carrying out my invention may include as a microwave generator Model PH40K of Applied Microwave Laboratories and described as Signal Source. The cable 21 connecting the microwave generator 19 and the antenna is RG8 coaxial cable by Belden Industries. The antenna 22 may be a standard parabolic antenna. The FM generator 12 has to be specially built to include the spacing function which is obtained by a frequency generator built into a standard FM generator. I have described my invention with respect to a presently preferred embodiment as required by the patent statutes. It will be apparent to those skilled in the technology that many variations, modification and additions can be made. All such variations, modifications and additions that come within the true spirit and scope of the invention are included in the claims. * * * * * Skim this publication to get an understanding of flaws in the US people tracking and surveillance algorithms such as the “Dawn effect” or beam geometries. I have validated that all the directed energy attacks have these same limitations and technologies. See if you can find flaws with the target tracking algorithms. Read this article with two important facts in mind. The authors, like most researchers, do not know what their research is ultimately used for. Replace meteors with human heads. Know that ionospheric heaters actually create the ions artificially through a particular method and does not need

the impact of meteors on the atmosphere. Also note that they restrict the use of the radar to 20 degrees of zenith. The reason is that the “total internal reflection” of the signal would then point down on Earth and all the observations would be obviously human targets and not meteors. The authors never question why this restriction was placed on their observation field. If they were clever, they would have realized that the total field of view includes North America. This RADAR field was operational by 1959 and was responsible for John Nash’s, “A beautiful mind”, neuronal amplification to discredit and silence him for his work on military game theory and cognitive decision modeling. These scatter RADAR phased arrays produce the directed energy for nervous system disruption and have almost an entire hemispherical view of the planet. There are over 15 well known “ionospheric heaters” world wide. Almost all of them are operated by the US government or NATO allies. Click on this link to view the article “Meteor science from regular incoherent scatter radar ionospheric observations at Arecibo” or access the file “head echo effect.pdf” from your CD.

From:
https://ti.cibertortura.eu/ - **La cibertortura del Targeted Individual**

Permanent link:
https://ti.cibertortura.eu/doku.php?id=biblioteca:000001:17:start

Last update: **2026/06/01 19:16**